

Spectral Gamma-Ray Borehole Log Data Report

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Borehole 40-11-05

Log Event A

Borehole Information

Farm : S Tank : S-111 Site Number : 299-W23-206

N-Coord: 35,875 **W-Coord**: 75,747 **TOC** Elevation: 663.00

Water Level, ft : Date Drilled : 2/28/1976

Casing Record

Type: Steel-welded Thickness: 0.280 ID, in.: $\underline{6}$

Top Depth, ft. : $\underline{0}$ Bottom Depth, ft. : $\underline{100}$

Borehole Notes:

This borehole was drilled during February 1976 to a depth of 105 ft and completed to a depth of 100 ft with 6-in.-diameter casing. The borehole was started with a 20-ft section of 8-in. surface casing. The annular space around the upper 20 ft of casing was grouted and the surface casing was removed. The driller's log indicates that the bottom 5 ft of the borehole was grouted. The driller's log contains no mention of perforations and it is assumed that the borehole was not perforated. The casing thickness is assumed to be 0.280 in., on the basis of published thickness for schedule-40, 6-in. casing. The zero reference for the SGLS logs is the top of the casing, which is even with the ground surface.

Equipment Information

 Logging System :
 1
 Detector Type :
 HPGe
 Detector Efficiency:
 35.0 %

 Calibration Date : 04/1996
 Calibration Reference :
 GJPO-HAN-5
 Logging Procedure : P-GJPO-1783

Log Run Information

 Log Run Number :
 1
 Log Run Date :
 07/26/1996
 Logging Engineer:
 Alan Pearson

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{97.5}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{N} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{0.0}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$



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Log Event A

Borehole 40-11-05

Analysis Information

Analyst: D.L. Parker

Data Processing Reference : P-GJPO-1787 Analysis Date : 04/10/1997

Analysis Notes:

This borehole was logged in one log run using a centralizer. The pre-and post-survey field verification spectra met the acceptance criteria established for peak shape and system efficiency. The energy and peak-shape calibration data from the pre-survey field verification spectra were used to establish the channel-to-energy parameters used in processing the spectra acquired during the log run.

Casing correction factors for a 0.280-in.-thick casing were applied during the analysis.

Cs-137 was the only man-made radionuclide detected in this borehole. Cs-137 contamination was detected continuously from the ground surface to a depth of 2.5 ft. The maximum Cs-137 concentration was 0.8 pCi/g at a depth of 0.5 ft, although a higher apparent concentration was detected at the ground surface. The borehole-to-detector geometry at the ground surface does not match the source-to-detector geometry used during calibration; therefore, concentrations calculated at the ground surface are only apparent.

The logs of the naturally occurring radionuclides show an increase in K-40 concentrations at a depth of about 18.5 ft. KUT concentrations increase at a depth of about 59 ft.

Details concerning the interpretation of data for this borehole are presented in the Tank Summary Data Report for tank S-111.

Log Plot Notes:

Separate log plots show the man-made and the naturally occurring radionuclides. The natural radionuclides can be used for lithology interpretations. The headings of the plots identify the specific gamma rays used to calculate the concentrations.

A combination plot includes the man-made and natural radionuclides, the total gamma derived from the spectral data, and the Tank Farms gross gamma log. The gross gamma plot displays the latest available digital data. No attempt has been made to adjust the depths of the gross gamma logs to coincide with the SGLS data.

Uncertainty bars on the plots show the statistical uncertainties for the measurements as 95-percent confidence intervals. Open circles on the plots give the MDL. The MDL of a radionuclide represents the lowest concentration at which positive identification of a gamma-ray peak is statistically defensible.